U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

451 Seventh Street, SW Washington, DC 20410 www.hud.gov espanol.hud.gov

Environmental Assessment Determinations and Compliance Findings for HUD-assisted Projects 24 CFR Part 58

Project Information

Project Name: FY24-The-Refuge

HEROS Number: 900000010410565

Start Date: 07/09/2024

Responsible Entity (RE): MOUNTAINLAND ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS, 586 E 800 N

OREM UT, 84097

RE Preparer: Claudia Saldana

State / Local Identifier: UT

Certifying Officer: Brandon Gordon

Grant Recipient (if different than Responsible Entity):

Point of Contact:

40 CFR **CoinstubtfaCos (itaatx**plicabl

1506.5(b)(4): **e)**:

The lead agency or, where appropriate, a cooperating agency shall prepare a disclosure statement for the contractor's execution specifying that the contractor has no financial or other interest in the outcome of the action. Such statement need not include privileged or confidential trade secrets or other confidential business information.

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By checking this box, I attest that as a preparer, I have no financial or other interest in the

outcome of the undertaking assessed in this environmental review.

Project Location: 866 North 400 West, Orem, UT 84067

Additional Location Information:

The subject property is an irregular-shaped parcel (66-977-0203) totaling approximately 4.03 acres located approximately 244 feet north of the northwest corner of the North State Street & 800 North intersection at 851 North State Street, Orem, Utah. Its historical address is 855 North State Street, Orem, Utah. To the north of the subject property is residential housing, to the east is State Street and a multi-tenant commercial strip, to the south various businesses and to the west is 400 West and additional multi-tenant commercial retail spaces.

Direct Comments to: csaldana@mountainland.org/586 E 800 N Orem Utah 84097

Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 50.12 & 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]:

Funding will be allocated to meet the urgent need for more shelter space for domestic violence victims. The project will include a 120-bed non-congregate shelter facility with parking, a playground, storage units for residents, a childcare facility, and space to build 9 transitional housing non-congregate apartment units. In December 2023 The Refuge purchased the property for this project through a loan from Capital Community Bank and aims to repay the loan before starting construction. The total cost of the property was \$3,528,360, they have paid \$1,528,360 from private donations and federal funding toward the cost of the purchase. They have raised additional funding toward the payment of the loan as follows: private donations of \$50,360 and private foundation funding for \$190,000. Refuge is the only domestic violence shelter in Utah County, requests \$147,672 in Utah County CDBG funds to help pay the remaining balance on the loan. necessary to construct a 120-bed shelter facility on recently acquired property in Orem City. Utah County's emergency sheltering capacity has not increased in 40 years, despite the county's population tripling in size. The current shelter is seriously inadequate to meet the needs of providing emergency shelter to the adults and children left homeless by domestic violence. Funding would be used to help with the land acquisition. Currently, they are working on obtaining the architectural renderings needed for the project. Once these renderings are finalized, they will proceed with the site approval process with the City of Orem. The Refuge will continue to seek additional funds for the construction and, when sufficient resources are secured, will move forward with developing a construction bid.

Statement of Purpose and Need for the Proposal [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

The Refuge, the only domestic violence shelter in Utah County, requests funds to help purchase land and construct a 120-bed shelter facility on recently acquired property in Orem City. Utah County's emergency sheltering capacity has not increased in 40 years, despite the

county's population tripling in size. The current shelter is seriously inadequate to meet the needs of providing emergency shelter to the adults and children left homeless by domestic violence. The need for domestic violence (DV) shelters in Utah County is increasingly urgent. The Utah State Domestic Violence Coalition has identified a critical shortage of sheltering options in the area. DV shelters play a crucial role in preventing homelessness for those escaping abusive situations. They provide immediate refuge and connect victims with essential services to support long-term stability and independent living. With Utah County's population at 719,174 and increasing rapidly, the single existing shelter facility, the Refuge, has only 25 beds. This results in a current ratio of one bed for every 28,760 residents, compared to an average ratio of one bed for every 5,397 residents in the other major population centers of the state. This disparity has become more pronounced in recent years, forcing the Refuge to relocate hundreds of victims to other counties for shelter. Once the new facility is completed the ratio of beds to residents in Utah County will improve to approximately one bed for every 5,600 people, significantly advancing the ability to meet the needs of the qualifying population. Emergency sheltering offers short-term protective housing for individuals who have escaped abusive environments that are unsafe and unfit for living. The Refuge aims to empower domestic violence survivors by enhancing their emotional and physical safety through advocacy, education, and trauma-informed services. During their stay, residents receive support and resources designed to foster healing, family-sustaining employment and permanent housing.

Existing Conditions and Trends [24 CFR 58.40(a)]:

The Refuge serves Utah County for domestic violence treatment and recovery services. They also provide support to the Peace House in Park City for victims from Wasatch County both for overflow purposes and access to resources. Some survivors from Wasatch County prefer to come to Utah County for sheltering because it provides closer access to education, employment, affordable housing, and other community services. Acquired by renovating student housing in 1984, The Refuge's current shelter facility can only house up to 25 clients at a time. Clients stay in the facility for an average of three weeks before they can be relocated to permanent or transitional housing. For the past several years, more than 600 victims annually from Utah County have requested sheltering but could not be accommodated because the facility was filled to capacity. Compared to Salt Lake County with an average shelter-bed ratio of 1-bed/4,943 residents, Utah County has a shelter bed ratio of 1-bed/28,100 residents. According to the Utah Dept. of Workforce Services, 34% of homelessness in Utah County was a result of in domestic violence in 2021 (Utah Workforce Services, Housing & Community Development, Annual Report on Homelessness 2022). The incidence of domestic violence continues to rise annually. This new facility will be a significant benefit to this region.

Maps, photographs, and other documentation of project location and description:

Determination:	
✓	Finding of No Significant
	Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1);
	40 CFR 1508.13] The
	project will not result in a
	significant impact on the

quality of human
environment
Finding of Significant
Impact

Approval Documents:

FY24 The Refuge HEROS signature page.pdf

7015.15 certified by Certifying Officer on:

7015.16 certified by Authorizing Officer on:

Funding Information

Grant / Project	HUD Program	Program Name	Funding Amount
Identification Number			
B-24-UC-49-0003	Community Planning and	Community Development	\$147,672.00
	Development (CPD)	Block Grants (CDBG)	
		(Entitlement)	

Estimated Total HUD Funded, Assisted \$1,966,983.00 or Insured Amount:

Estimated Total Project Cost [24 CFR 58.2 (a) (5)]: \$17,171,672.00

Compliance with 24 CFR §50.4, §58.5 and §58.6 Laws and Authorities

Compliance Factors: Statutes, Executive Orders, and Regulations listed at 24 CFR §50.4, §58.5, and §58.6	Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	Compliance determination (See Appendix A for source determinations)
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORD	DERS, AND REGULATIO	NS LISTED AT 24 CFR §50.4 & § 58.6
Airport Hazards Clear Zones and Accident Potential Zones; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D	□ Yes □ No	The project site is not within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport. The project is in compliance with Airport Hazards requirements.
Coastal Barrier Resources Act Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as amended by the Coastal Barrier	□ Yes □ No	This project is located in a state that does not contain CBRS units. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.

Improvement Act of 1990 [16 USC		
3501]		
Flood Insurance Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 [42 USC 4001-4128 and 42 USC 5154a]	□ Yes □ No	The structure or insurable property is not located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area. While flood insurance may not be mandatory in this instance, HUD recommends that all insurable structures maintain flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The project is in compliance with flood insurance requirements.
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORD	DERS, AND REGULATIO	ONS LISTED AT 24 CFR §50.4 & § 58.5
Air Quality Clean Air Act, as amended, particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40 CFR Parts 6, 51, 93	□ Yes □ No	The project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act. To comply with the Clean Air Act, a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be filed, and a permit will be obtained before any disturbance of 1/4 acre or more. A NEPAssist report was generated, indicating there are no areas of concern identified. The project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.
Coastal Zone Management Act	□ Yes □ No	This project is located in a state that
Coastal Zone Management Act, sections 307(c) & (d)		does not participate in the Coastal Zone Management Program. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.
Contamination and Toxic Substances 24 CFR 50.3(i) & 58.5(i)(2)]	☐ Yes ☐ No	Site contamination was evaluated as follows: ASTM Phase I ESA, ASTM Phase II ESA. On-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property were not found. Radon analysis indicated elevated levels of radon or consideration of radon will occur following construction. Adverse radon impacts can be mitigated. With mitigation, identified

		in the mitigation section of this review, the project will be in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.
Endangered Species Act Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402	□ Yes □ No	This project will have No Effect on listed species because there are no listed species or designated critical habitats in the action area. This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. The reviewer consulted the United States Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service to obtain a list of threatened and endangered species for the proposed project location. The Monarch Butterfly (Danaus Plexippus) is a candidate for the list, but no critical habitat has been designated for the species. There are no critical habitats within the project area under the office's jurisdiction and the species itself is not present on the project site. This project will have No Effect on listed species because there are no listed species or designated critical habitats in the action area. This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act.
Explosive and Flammable Hazards Above-Ground Tanks)[24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C	□ Yes □ No	TThe project area is vacant land with no visible above ground storage containers. Site visit also showed no sides of any current aboveground storage containers. The surrouding land is either residential or commerical (grocery stores/restuarants) land surrounding the plot. Google Earth shows no signs of storage unites either. There are no current or planned stationary aboveground storage containers of concern within 1 mile of the project site. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.
Farmlands Protection Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) and 1541; 7 CFR Part 658	□ Yes □ No	This project does not include any activities that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use. The project is in compliance with the

		Farmland Protection Policy Act. Tigerweb shows this area and the majority of the county as ubran area. Therefore, there will be no conversion of farmland.
Floodplain Management Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55	□ Yes □ No	Project is located in a Zone X. FBA shows no increase in risk. Report attached. This project does not occur in the FFRMS floodplain. The project is in compliance with Executive Orders 11988 and 13690.
Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800	□ Yes □ No	This section contains sensitive information relating to this project. For that reason, documentation is withheld from the public environmental review record.
Noise Abatement and Control Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Quiet Communities Act of 1978; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart B	□ Yes □ No	A Noise Assessment was conducted. The noise level was normally unacceptable: 69.0 db. See noise analysis. The Refuge will adhere to the mitigation plan outlines in the analysis provided below. The project is in compliance with HUD's Noise regulation with mitigation.
Sole Source Aquifers Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, particularly section 1424(e); 40 CFR Part 149	□ Yes □ No	The project is not located on a sole source aquifer area. The project is in compliance with Sole Source Aquifer requirements.
Wetlands Protection Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 and 5	□ Yes □ No	The project will not impact on- or off-site wetlands. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990.
Wild and Scenic Rivers Act Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968, particularly section 7(b) and (c)	□ Yes □ No	This project is not within proximity of a NWSRS river. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act. There are no wild or scenic rivers located in Utah County, therefore the project will not impact any. Utah has approximately 81,899 miles of river, of which 232.3 miles are designated as wild and scenic, representing less than 0.2% of the state's total river miles. The Green River and Virgin River are designated as wild and scenic, but neither flows through Utah County. This project is not within proximity of a NWSRS river. The project is in

		compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.		
HUD	HUD HOUSING ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS			
	ENVIRONMENTA	L JUSTICE		
Environmental Justice Executive Order 12898	□ Yes □ No	No adverse environmental impacts were identified in the project's total environmental review. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898. On February 5, 2025, the EPA removed from its website the environmental justice mapping and screen tool, EJScreen, as well as several related web pages. These pages cannot be accessed therefore a report was not available. The project has been evaluated, and no activities funded by this project will result in discrimination or isolation of minority or low-income individuals based on its location or purpose. Additionally, this project will not cause any adverse health or environmental effects that disproportionately impact minority or low-income populations adverse environmental impacts were identified in the project's total environmental review. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898.		

Environmental Assessment Factors [24 CFR 58.40; Ref. 40 CFR 1508.8 &1508.27]

Impact Codes: An impact code from the following list has been used to make the determination of impact for each factor.

- (1) Minor beneficial impact
- (2) No impact anticipated
- (3) Minor Adverse Impact May require mitigation
- **(4)** Significant or potentially significant impact requiring avoidance or modification which may require an Environmental Impact Statement.

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation		
LAND DEVELOPMENT					
Conformance with Plans / 2 The project will					
Compatible Land Use and		comply with local			

Environmental	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor			
Zoning / Scale and Urban		planning and zoning	
Design		regulations and its	
		compatible with other	
		uses within the City.	
		The parcel is located	
		within Orem City, and	
		The Refuge will	
		collaborate with Orem	
		City to ensure	
		adherence to all	
		regulations.	
Soil Suitability / Slope/	2	The land is level with	
Erosion / Drainage and		minimal erosion. The	
Storm Water Runoff		parcel is vacant, we do	
		not anticipate any	
		issues with the soil,	
		which is suitable for	
		construction. All state	
		laws and SWPPP	
		regulations will be	
		followed.	
Hazards and Nuisances	2	The parcel does not	
including Site Safety and		appear to have any	
Site-Generated Noise		visible site hazards.	
		During construction,	
		all necessary safety	
		measures will be	
		implemented to	
		protect the public and	
		workers. The	
		completed project will	
		pose no potential	
		hazards to the	
		environment or the	
		community.	
SOCIOECONOMIC			
Employment and Income	2	The construction of	
Patterns		the proposed project	
		may provide	
		temporary	
		employment	
		opportunities for the	
		local workforce.	

Environmental	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor			
		However, the project	
		will not affect the	
		employment or	
		income of residents in	
		the project area, nor	
		will it create new	
		permanent job	
		opportunities.	
		Employment and	
		income levels will	
		remain unchanged.	
Demographic Character	1	The proposed project	
Changes / Displacement	-	will not significantly	
Changes / Displacement		impact the	
		demographics or	
		character of the	
		surrounding area. The	
		majority of future	
		residents are expected	
		to be from the local	
		community and will	
		likely align with the	
		existing demographic	
Favire a property Luction FA	2	makeup of the area.	
Environmental Justice EA	2	The project has been	
Factor		evaluated, and no	
		activities funded by	
		this project will lead to	
		discrimination or	
		isolation of minority	
		or low-income	
		individuals based on	
		its location or	
		purpose. Furthermore,	
		the project will not	
		result in any adverse	
		health or	
		environmental effects	
		that	
		disproportionately	
		impact minority or	
		low-income	
		populations.	

Environmental	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor			
	COMMUNITY FACILITIES	AND SERVICES	
Educational and Cultural	2	No changes to the	
Facilities (Access and		educational facilities	
Capacity)		in the community are	
		anticipated. Future	
		residents typically	
		come from the area.	
		The project will not	
		have a significant	
		impact on cultural	
		facilities in the area.	
		Orem City and the	
		surrounding	
		communities offer	
		several cultural	
		facilities, including	
		two universities,	
		Thanksgiving Point,	
		Scera Shell and Hale	
		Center Theater.	
Commercial Facilities	1	Solid waste services	
(Access and Proximity)		are provided by the	
		City, and these	
		services will continue	
		to be available to the	
		project area. It is	
		anticipated that many	
		residents will be from	
		within the community	
		and are already	
		utilizing the City's solid	
		waste services. The	
		City has accounted for	
		waste management	
		needs within their	
		system. Where	
		feasible, recycling will	
		be incorporated in the	
	_	project.	
Health Care / Social	2	The City will provide	
Services (Access and		wastewater services to	
Capacity)		the residents of this	
		project. A sewer line	

Environmental	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor		runs along the edge of the property, and all major utilities are stubbed to the property line. The City has accounted for this project's needs within the existing capacity of the sewer plant. Any additional capacity required by the City will be funded through impact fees	
Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling (Feasibility and Capacity)	2	paid by the project. Orem City will provide culinary water services to the project. Most future residents of the project will come from within the community and are already part of the water system, so no significant impact on the current water system is anticipated. Any additional capacity needed for the water system will be funded through impact fees paid by	
Waste Water and Sanitary Sewers (Feasibility and Capacity)	2	the project. The project is not expected to have a significant impact on public safety services. The area is currently served by Orem's public safety departments, and most residents who require these services are already utilizing them, so there should be no impact on the	

Environmental	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor			
		system. The project is	
		located within a short	
		driving distance to	
		emergency medical	
		services, with a	
		hospital and	
		emergency room just	
Malaco Carala (Faradalla)	2	a couple miles away.	
Water Supply (Feasibility	2	The project will not	
and Capacity)		have a significant	
		impact on open space,	
		parks, or recreation.	
		Orem City offers open	
		space, parks, and	
		walking trails within	
		the city limits, all in	
		close proximity to the	
		project. The City and	
		the surrounding	
		communities feature	
		several recreational	
		facilities, as well as	
		nearby mountains,	
		lakes, and desert	
		areas, all within a	
		short distance of the	
		proposed project.	
Public Safety - Police, Fire	2	The residents of these	
and Emergency Medical		projects are likely to	
		be from within the	
		community and are	
		already integrated into	
		the local	
		transportation system.	
		UTA and Front Runner	
		service Orem City,	
		providing residents	
		with access to other	
		communities and	
		services throughout	
		the county.	

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Parks, Open Space and Recreation (Access and Capacity)	2	The project is not expected to have a significant impact on unique natural features or water resources. It has been designed to minimize any disruption to the surrounding environment.	
Transportation and Accessibility (Access and Capacity)	2	The residents of these projects are likely to be from within the community and are already integrated into the local transportation system. UTA and Front Runner service Orem City, providing residents with access to other communities and services throughout the county.	
Transportation and Accessibility (Access and Capacity)	2	The residents of these projects are likely to be from within the community and are already integrated into the local transportation system. UTA and Front Runner service Orem City, providing residents with access to other communities and services throughout the county.	
	NATURAL FEAT		
Unique Natural Features /Water Resources	2	The project is not expected to have a significant impact on unique natural	

Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
	features or water resources. It has been designed to minimize any disruption to the surrounding environment.	
2	The project is not expected to have a significant impact on unique natural features or water resources. It has been designed to minimize any disruption to the surrounding environment.	
2	The proposed project site is a vacant parcel covered in weeds and rocks, with no significant vegetation or wildlife habitats present.	
2	The proposed project site is a vacant parcel covered in weeds and rocks, with no significant vegetation or wildlife habitats present.	
CLIDAATE AND E	NEDCY	
2	The project considersmclimate changenimpacts, including extreme weathernevents and rising temperatures, in its environmental	
	2 2 CLIMATE AND E	features or water resources. It has been designed to minimize any disruption to the surrounding environment. The project is not expected to have a significant impact on unique natural features or water resources. It has been designed to minimize any disruption to the surrounding environment. The proposed project site is a vacant parcel covered in weeds and rocks, with no significant vegetation or wildlife habitats present. The proposed project site is a vacant parcel covered in weeds and rocks, with no significant vegetation or wildlife habitats present. The proposed project site is a vacant parcel covered in weeds and rocks, with no significant vegetation or wildlife habitats present. CLIMATE AND ENERGY The project considersmclimate changenimpacts, including extreme weathernevents and rising temperatures, in

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
ASSESSMENT TUCKOT		HUD's Minimum Property Standards and local energy codes to enhance energy efficiency and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Overall, the project supports HUD's goals for sustainability and the creation of climate-resilient	
Climate Change	2	communities. The project considersmclimate changenimpacts, including extreme weathernevents and rising temperatures, in its environmental review. It follows HUD's Minimum Property Standards and local energy codes to enhance energy efficiency and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Overall, the project supports HUD's goals for sustainability and the creation of climate-resilient communities.	
Energy Efficiency	2	The project will adhere to the HUD Minimum Property Standards, as well as other relevant state and city energy-saving codes and regulations. The project will incorporate energy-efficient	

Environmental	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor			
		materials, insulation	
		and systems to	
		optimize heating,	
		cooling and lighting,	
		contributing to lower	
		utility costs and	
		promoting	
		sustainability.	
Energy Efficiency	2	The project will	
		adhere to the HUD	
		Minimum Property	
		Standards, as well as	
		other relevant state	
		and city energy-saving	
		codes and regulations.	
		The project will	
		incorporate	
		energy-efficient	
		materials, insulation	
		and systems to	
		optimize heating,	
		cooling and lighting,	
		contributing to lower	
		utility costs and	
		promoting	
		sustainability.	

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Additional Studies Performed:

Field Inspection [Optional]: Date and completed by:

List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

Salem Engineering Spectrum Engineers

List of Permits Obtained:

Public Outreach [24 CFR 58.43]:

FONSI/RROF was listed on the Utah Public Notice Website. This is the states website for all public noticing. It was also posted on each entitlments CDBG's website.

Cumulative Impact Analysis [24 CFR 58.32]:

The proposed project, when considered with past, present, and future actions, will have minimal cumulative environmental impacts. It follows energy-efficient standards and sustainable practices, reducing energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions. The project is in an established community with existing infrastructure, limiting potential negative environmental effects. The site is vacant with no significant habitats, so impacts on water resources, vegetation, and wildlife will be minimal. Overall, the project will support community growth and resilience without significantly affecting the environment or local resources.

Alternatives [24 CFR 58.40(e); 40 CFR 1508.9]

No Action Alternative [24 CFR 58.40(e)]

Without the project, the community would continue to rely on existing facilities, which is not sufficient to address the increasing demand for safe, temporary housing solutions. The conditions for vulnerable populations, such as individuals in need of emergency shelter, would not improve, and the county my face challenges in managing homelessness and providing adequate services. In the absence of this project, the opportunity to create a supportive, non-congregate shelter for individuals in need would be lost, potentially exacerbating the ongoing housing and social service challenges faced by the community.

Summary of Findings and Conclusions:

Without the project, the community would continue to rely on existing facilities, which is not sufficient to address the increasing demand for safe, temporary housing solutions. The conditions for vulnerable populations, such as individuals in need of emergency shelter, would not improve, and the county my face challenges in managing homelessness and providing adequate services. In the absence of this project, the opportunity to create a supportive, non-congregate shelter for individuals in need would be lost, potentially exacerbating the ongoing housing and social service challenges faced by the community.

Mitigation Measures and Conditions [CFR 1505.2(c)]:

Summarized below are all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

Law, Authority, or Factor	Mitigation Measure or Condition	Comments on Completed Measures	Mitigatio n Plan	Complete
Contaminat ion and Toxic Substances	Environmental impacts can be eliminated through mitigation, and/or consideration of radon and radon mitigation, if needed, will occur following construction.	N/A		
Noise Abatement and Control	The Refuge has received a traffic noise mitigation analysis from Spectrum Engineers, which outlines the necessary steps to reduce noise to within HUD's acceptable levels. The combined attenuation for all wall components was calculated using the STraCAT calculator. The EA reviewer has forwarded this report to HUD representatives, who have agreed that the building envelope can be sufficiently attenuated to manage the noise. Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload drawings, specifications, and other materials as needed to describe the project's noise mitigation measures below.	N/A	The building design will follow the traffic noise mitigation analysis from Spectrum Engineers, utilizing materials and constructi on technique s calculated to reduce noise as per the STraCAT calculator.	

Project Mitigation Plan

All mitigation measures will be incorporated into the construction contract and development agreements. The contractors will be required to adhere to these specifications, and the project manager will ensure compliance through regular monitoring and inspections.

Supporting documentation on completed measures

APPENDIX A: Related Federal Laws and Authorities

Airport Hazards

General policy	Legislation	Regulation
It is HUD's policy to apply standards to		24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D
prevent incompatible development		
around civil airports and military airfields.		

1.	To ensure compatible land use development, you must determine your site's proximity
to civil	and military airports. Is your project within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500
feet of	a civilian airport?

√ o

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload the map showing that the site is not within the applicable distances to a military or civilian airport below

Yes

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project site is not within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport. The project is in compliance with Airport Hazards requirements.

Supporting documentation

Refuge Property Acquisition - Airport proximity.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

No

✓

Coastal Barrier Resources

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD financial assistance may not be	Coastal Barrier Resources Act	
used for most activities in units of the	(CBRA) of 1982, as amended by	
Coastal Barrier Resources System	the Coastal Barrier Improvement	
(CBRS). See 16 USC 3504 for limitations	Act of 1990 (16 USC 3501)	
on federal expenditures affecting the		
CBRS.		

This project is located in a state that does not contain CBRA units. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.

Compliance Determination

This project is located in a state that does not contain CBRS units. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.

Supporting documentation

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	
	Yes
	No

Flood Insurance

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Certain types of federal financial assistance may not be	Flood Disaster	24 CFR 50.4(b)(1)
used in floodplains unless the community participates	Protection Act of 1973	and 24 CFR 58.6(a)
in National Flood Insurance Program and flood	as amended (42 USC	and (b); 24 CFR
insurance is both obtained and maintained.	4001-4128)	55.1(b).

1. Does this project involve <u>financial assistance for construction, rehabilitation, or acquisition of a mobile home, building, or insurable personal property?</u>

No. This project does not require flood insurance or is excepted from flood insurance.

✓ Yes

2. Upload a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site here:

Refuge Property - FIRMETTE.pdf

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The <u>FEMA Map Service Center</u> provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs). For projects in areas not mapped by FEMA, use the best available information to determine floodplain information. Include documentation, including a discussion of why this is the best available information for the site. Provide FEMA/FIRM floodplain zone designation, panel number, and date within your documentation.

Is the structure, part of the structure, or insurable property located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area?



Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

Yes

4. While flood insurance is not mandatory for this project, HUD strongly recommends that all insurable structures maintain flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance

Program (NFIP). V	Will flood insurance be	equired as a mit	tigation measure oi	r condition?
-------------------	-------------------------	------------------	---------------------	--------------

		Yes
~		No

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The structure or insurable property is not located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area. While flood insurance may not be mandatory in this instance, HUD recommends that all insurable structures maintain flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The project is in compliance with flood insurance requirements.

Supporting documentation

FVA REPORT.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

	Yes
<i>V</i>	No

Air Quality

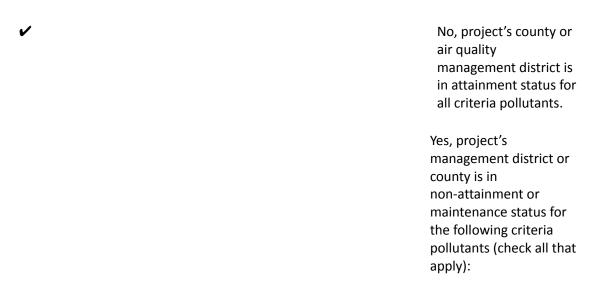
General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Clean Air Act is administered	Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401 et	40 CFR Parts 6, 51
by the U.S. Environmental	seq.) as amended particularly	and 93
Protection Agency (EPA), which	Section 176(c) and (d) (42 USC	
sets national standards on	7506(c) and (d))	
ambient pollutants. In addition,		
the Clean Air Act is administered		
by States, which must develop		
State Implementation Plans (SIPs)		
to regulate their state air quality.		
Projects funded by HUD must		
demonstrate that they conform		
to the appropriate SIP.		

1. Does your project include new construction or conversion of land use facilitating the development of public, commercial, or industrial facilities OR five or more dwelling units?



Air Quality Attainment Status of Project's County or Air Quality Management District

2. Is your project's air quality management district or county in non-attainment or maintenance status for any criteria pollutants?



Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act. To comply with the Clean Air Act, a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be filed, and a permit will be obtained before any disturbance of 1/4 acre or more. A NEPAssist report was generated, indicating there are no areas of concern identified. The project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.

Supporting documentation

Air Quality Letter.pdf Nepa Assist Report.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

yes	
No	

Coastal Zone Management Act

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Federal assistance to applicant	Coastal Zone Management	15 CFR Part 930
agencies for activities affecting	Act (16 USC 1451-1464),	
any coastal use or resource is	particularly section 307(c)	
granted only when such	and (d) (16 USC 1456(c) and	
activities are consistent with	(d))	
federally approved State		
Coastal Zone Management Act		
Plans.		

This project is located in a state that does not participate in the Coastal Zone Management Program. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project is located in a state that does not participate in the Coastal Zone Management Program. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.

Supporting documentation

re formal compliance steps or mitigation required?			
	Yes		
✓	No		

Contamination and Toxic Substances

General Requirements	Legislation	Regulations		
It is HUD policy that all properties that are being		24 CFR		
proposed for use in HUD programs be free of		58.5(i)(2)		
hazardous materials, contamination, toxic		24 CFR 50.3(i)		
chemicals and gases, and radioactive substances,				
where a hazard could affect the health and safety of				
the occupants or conflict with the intended				
utilization of the property.				
Reference				
https://www.onecpd.info/environmental-review/site-o	contamination			

1. How was site contamination evaluated?* Select all that apply.

ASTM Phase I ESA ASTM Phase II ESA

Remediation or clean-up plan

ASTM Vapor Encroachment Screening.

None of the above

^{*} HUD regulations at 24 CFR § 58.5(i)(2)(ii) require that the environmental review for multifamily housing with five or more dwelling units or non-residential property include the evaluation of previous uses of the site or other evidence of contamination on or near the site. For acquisition and new construction of multifamily and nonresidential properties HUD strongly advises the review include an ASTM Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) to meet real estate transaction standards of due diligence and to help ensure compliance with HUD's toxic policy at 24 CFR §58.5(i) and 24 CFR §50.3(i). Also note that some HUD programs require an ASTM Phase I ESA.

2. Were any on-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances* (excluding radon) found that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property? (Were any recognized environmental conditions or RECs identified in a Phase I ESA and confirmed in a Phase II ESA?)

Provide a map or other documentation of absence or presence of contamination** and explain evaluation of site contamination in the Screen Summary at the bottom of this screen.

No Explain:

Site contamination was evaluated as follows: ASTM Phase I ESA, ASTM Phase II ESA. The project is in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements. SALEM Engineering Group, Inc. conducted a Phase I ESA October 25, 2022 and a Phase II ESA February 9, 2023. Page 9 of the Phase II report assess that no additional assessments are required.

Yes

3. Evaluate the building(s) for radon. Do all buildings meet any of the exemptions* from having to consider radon in the contamination analysis listed in CPD Notice CPD-23-103?

Yes

Explain:

✓ No

* Notes:

- Buildings with no enclosed areas having ground contact.
- Buildings containing crawlspaces, utility tunnels, or parking garages would not be exempt, however buildings built on piers would be exempt, provided that there is open air between the lowest floor of the building and the ground.
- Buildings that are not residential and will not be occupied for more than 4 hours per day.
- Buildings with existing radon mitigation systems document radon levels are below 4

^{*} This question covers the presence of radioactive substances excluding radon. Radon is addressed in the Radon Exempt Question.

^{**} Utilize EPA's Enviromapper, NEPAssist, or state/tribal databases to identify nearby dumps, junk yards, landfills, hazardous waste sites, and industrial sites, including EPA National Priorities List Sites (Superfund sites), CERCLA or state-equivalent sites, RCRA Corrective Action sites with release(s) or suspected release(s) requiring clean-up action and/or further investigation. Additional supporting documentation may include other inspections and reports.

pCi/L with test results dated within two years of submitting the application for HUD assistance and document the system includes an ongoing maintenance plan that includes periodic testing to ensure the system continues to meet the current EPA recommended levels. If the project does not require an application, document test results dated within two years of the date the environmental review is certified. Refer to program office guidance to ensure compliance with program requirements.

- Buildings tested within five years of the submission of application for HUD assistance: test results document indoor radon levels are below current the EPA's recommended action levels of 4.0 pCi/L. For buildings with test data older than five years, any new environmental review must include a consideration of radon using one of the methods in Section A below.
- 4. Is the proposed project new construction or substantial rehabilitation where testing will be conducted but cannot yet occur because building construction has not been completed?

✓ Yes

Compliance with this section is conditioned on post-construction testing being conducted, followed by mitigation, if needed. Radon test results, along with any needed mitigation plan, must be uploaded to the mitigation section within this screen.

No

8. Mitigation

Document the mitigation needed according to the requirements of the appropriate federal, state, tribal, or local oversight agency. If the adverse environmental impacts cannot be mitigated, then HUD assistance may not be used for the project at this site.

For instances where radon mitigation is required (i.e. where test results demonstrated radon levels at 4.0 pCi/L and above), then you must include a radon mitigation plan*.

Can all adverse environmental impacts be mitigated?

No, all adverse environmental impacts cannot feasibly be mitigated. Project cannot proceed at this location.

1

Yes, all adverse environmental impacts can be eliminated through mitigation, and/or consideration of radon and radon mitigation, if needed, will occur following construction. Provide all mitigation requirements** and documents in the Screen Summary at the bottom of this screen.

9. Describe how compliance was achieved. Include any of the following that apply: State Voluntary Clean-up Program, a No Further Action letter, use of engineering controls*, or use of institutional controls**.

Environmental impacts can be eliminated through mitigation, and/or consideration of radon and radon mitigation, if needed, will occur following construction.

If a remediation plan or clean-up program was necessary, which standard does it follow?

Complete removal

Risk-based corrective action (RBCA)

^{*} Refer to CPD Notice CPD-23-103 for additional information on radon mitigation plans.

^{**} Mitigation requirements include all clean-up requirements required by applicable federal, state, tribal, or local law. Additionally, please upload, as applicable, the long-term operations and maintenance plan, Remedial Action Work Plan, and other equivalent documents.

Other

- * Engineering controls are any physical mechanism used to contain or stabilize contamination or ensure the effectiveness of a remedial action. Engineering controls may include, caps, covers, dikes, trenches, leachate collection systems, radon mitigation systems, signs, fences, physical access controls, ground water monitoring systems and ground water containment systems including, slurry walls and ground water pumping systems.
- ** Institutional controls are mechanisms used to limit human activities at or near a contaminated site, or to ensure the effectiveness of the remedial action over time, when contaminants remain at a site at levels above the applicable remediation standard which would allow for unrestricted use of the property. Institutional controls may include structure, land, and natural resource use restrictions, well restriction areas, classification exception areas, deed notices, and declarations of environmental restrictions.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

Site contamination was evaluated as follows: ASTM Phase I ESA, ASTM Phase II ESA. On-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property were not found. Radon analysis indicated elevated levels of radon or consideration of radon will occur following construction. Adverse radon impacts can be mitigated. With mitigation, identified in the mitigation section of this review, the project will be in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.

Supporting documentation

9 422 0996 REV Phase II Vacant Land Orem Utah.pdf 9 422 0996 REV Phase I Vacant Land Orem Utah.pdf

Are formal	compliance	stens or	mitigation	required?
	Compilarice	JUL DO OI	IIIIIIIgatioii	i cquii cu i

V

Yes

No

Endangered Species

General requirements	ESA Legislation	Regulations
Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA)	The Endangered	50 CFR Part
mandates that federal agencies ensure that	Species Act of 1973	402
actions that they authorize, fund, or carry out	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et	
shall not jeopardize the continued existence of	seq.); particularly	
federally listed plants and animals or result in	section 7 (16 USC	
the adverse modification or destruction of	1536).	
designated critical habitat. Where their actions		
may affect resources protected by the ESA,		
agencies must consult with the Fish and Wildlife		
Service and/or the National Marine Fisheries		
Service ("FWS" and "NMFS" or "the Services").		

1. Does the project involve any activities that have the potential to affect specifies or habitats?

No, the project will have No Effect due to the nature of the activities involved in the project.

No, the project will have No Effect based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office

Yes, the activities involved in the project have the potential to affect species and/or habitats.

2. Are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area?

1

No, the project will have No Effect due to the absence of federally listed species and designated critical habitat

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below. Documentation may include letters from the Services, species lists from the Services' websites, surveys or other documents and analysis showing that there are no species in the action area.

Yes, there are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project will have No Effect on listed species because there are no listed species or designated critical habitats in the action area. This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. The reviewer consulted the United States Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service to obtain a list of threatened and endangered species for the proposed project location. The Monarch Butterfly (Danaus Plexippus) is a candidate for the list, but no critical habitat has been designated for the species. There are no critical habitats within the project area under the office's jurisdiction and the species itself is not present on the project site. This project will have No Effect on listed species because there are no listed species or designated critical habitats in the action area. This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act.

Supporting documentation

Species List Utah Ecological Services Field Office (1).pdf

			on require	

Yes

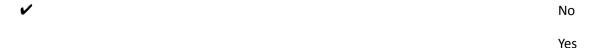
~

No

Explosive and Flammable Hazards

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD-assisted projects must meet	N/A	24 CFR Part 51
Acceptable Separation Distance (ASD)		Subpart C
requirements to protect them from		
explosive and flammable hazards.		

1. Is the proposed HUD-assisted project itself the development of a hazardous facility (a facility that mainly stores, handles or processes flammable or combustible chemicals such as bulk fuel storage facilities and refineries)?



2. Does this project include any of the following activities: development, construction, rehabilitation that will increase residential densities, or conversion?

No

Yes

- 3. Within 1 mile of the project site, are there any current or planned stationary aboveground storage containers that are covered by 24 CFR 51C? Containers that are NOT covered under the regulation include:
- Containers 100 gallons or less in capacity, containing common liquid industrial fuels OR
- Containers of liquified petroleum gas (LPG) or propane with a water volume capacity of 1,000 gallons or less that meet the requirements of the 2017 or later version of National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 58.

If all containers within the search area fit the above criteria, answer "No." For any other type of aboveground storage container within the search area that holds one of the flammable or explosive materials listed in Appendix I of 24 CFR part 51 subpart C, answer "Yes."



Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below.

Yes

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

TThe project area is vacant land with no visible above ground storage containers. Site visit also showed no sides of any current aboveground storage containers. The surrouding land is either residential or commerical (grocery stores/restuarants) land surrounding the plot. Google Earth shows no signs of storage unites either. There are no current or planned stationary aboveground storage containers of concern within 1 mile of the project site. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.

Supporting documentation

The Refuge Google Earth Image 2025-03-27 105423.jpg

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	
	Yes
√	No

Farmlands Protection

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Farmland Protection	Farmland Protection Policy	7 CFR Part 658
Policy Act (FPPA) discourages	Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 4201	
federal activities that would	et seq.)	
convert farmland to		
nonagricultural purposes.		

1. Does your project include any activities, including new construction, acquisition of undeveloped land or conversion, that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use?

Yes No

If your project includes new construction, acquisition of undeveloped land or conversion, explain how you determined that agricultural land would not be converted:

VIsited a USDA map that shows no farmland/crops are in this area. The plot of land being purchased is in an urban area off of state street in Orem. Based on the census map it is Urban Area with a population of 10,000 or more.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project does not include any activities that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act. Tigerweb shows this area and the majority of the county as ubran area. Therefore, there will be no conversion of farmland.

Supporting documentation

The Refuge Non-Congregrate Shelter Urban Map .jpg

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

		No

Yes

Floodplain Management

General Requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11988,	Executive Order 11988	24 CFR 55
Floodplain Management,	* Executive Order 13690	
requires Federal activities to	* 42 USC 4001-4128	
avoid impacts to floodplains	* 42 USC 5154a	
and to avoid direct and	* only applies to screen 2047	
indirect support of floodplain	and not 2046	
development to the extent		
practicable.		

1. Does this project meet an exemption at 24 CFR 55.12 from compliance with HUD's floodplain management regulations in Part 55?

Yes

- (a) HUD-assiste d activities described in 24 CFR 58.34 and 58.35(b).
- (b)
 HUD-assiste
 d activities
 described in
 24 CFR
 50.19,
 except as
 otherwise
 indicated in
 § 50.19.
- (c) The approval of financial assistance for restoring and preserving the natural and beneficial

functions and values of floodplains and wetlands, including through acquisition of such floodplain and wetland property, where a permanent covenant or comparable restriction is place on the property's continued use for flood control, wetland projection, open space, or park land, but only if: (1) The property is cleared of all existing buildings and walled structures; and The (2) property is cleared of related improvements except those which: Are directly related to flood control, wetland protection, open space, or

park land (including playgrounds and recreation areas); (ii) Do not modify existing wetland areas or involve fill, paving, or other ground disturbance beyond minimal trails or paths; and (iii) Are designed to be compatible with the beneficial floodplain or wetland function of the property.

(d) An action involving a repossession, receivership, foreclosure, or similar acquisition of property to protect or enforce HUD's financial interests under previously approved loans, grants, mortgage insurance, or other HUD assistance.

(e)

Policy-level actions described at 24 CFR 50.16 that do not involve site-based decisions.

(f) A minor amendment to a previously approved action with no additional adverse impact on or from a floodplain or wetland.

(g) HUD's or the responsible entity's approval of a project site, an incidental portion of which is situated in the **FFRMS** floodplain (not including the floodway, LiMWA, or coastal high hazard area) but only if: (1) The proposed project site does not include any existing or proposed buildings or

improvements that modify or occupy the **FFRMS** floodplain except de minimis improvements such as recreation areas and trails; and (2) the proposed project will not result in any new construction in modifications of a wetland.

(h) Issuance or use of Housing Vouchers, or other forms of rental subsidy where HUD, the awarding community, or the public housing agency that administers the contract awards rental subsidies that are not project-based (i.e., do not involve site-specific subsidies).

(i) Special projects directed to

the removal of material and architectural barriers that restrict the mobility of and accessibility to elderly and persons with disabilities.

Describe:

/

No

2. Does the project include a Critical Action? Examples of Critical Actions include projects involving hospitals, fire and police stations, nursing homes, hazardous chemical storage, storage of valuable records, and utility plants.

Yes

Describe:

1

No

3. Determine the extent of the FFRMS floodplain and provide mapping documentation in support of that determination

The extent of the FFRMS floodplain can be determined using a Climate Informed Science Approach (CISA), 0.2 percent flood approach (0.2 PFA), or freeboard value approach (FVA). For projects in areas without available CISA data or without FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), Flood Insurance Studies (FISs) or Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFEs), use the best available information¹ to determine flood elevation. Include documentation and an explanation of why this is the best available information² for the site. Note that newly constructed and substantially improved³ structures must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain regardless of the approach chosen to determine the floodplain.

Select one of the following three options:

CISA for non-critical actions. If

using a local tool, data, or resources, ensure that the FFRMS elevation is higher than would have been determined using the 0.2 PFA or the FVA.

0.2-PFA. Where FEMA has defined the 0.2-percent-a nnual-chance floodplain, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that **FEMA** has designated as within the 0.2-percent-a nnual-chance floodplain.

FVA. If neither CISA nor 0.2-PFA is available, for non-critical actions, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that results from adding two feet to the base flood elevation as established by

the effective FIRM or FIS or - if available — а FEMA-provide d preliminary or pending FIRM or FIS or advisory base flood elevations, whether regulatory or informational in nature. However, an interim or preliminary **FEMA** map cannot be used if it is lower than the current FIRM or FIS.

Sources which merit investigation include the files and studies of other federal agencies, such as the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, the Tennessee Valley Authority, the Soil Conservation Service and the U. S. Geological Survey. These agencies have prepared flood hazard studies for several thousand localities and, through their technical assistance programs, hydrologic studies, soil surveys, and other investigations have collected or developed other floodplain information for numerous sites and areas. States and communities are also sources of information on past flood 'experiences within their boundaries and are particularly knowledgeable about areas subject to high-risk flood hazards such as alluvial fans, high velocity flows, mudflows and mudslides, ice jams, subsidence and liquefaction.

5. Does your project occur in the FFRMS floodplain?

Yes

² If you are using best available information, select the FVA option below and provide supporting documentation in the screen summary. Contact your <u>local environmental officer</u> with additional compliance questions.

³ Substantial improvement means any repair or improvement of a structure which costs at least 50 percent of the market value of the structure before repair or improvement or results in an increase of more than 20 percent of the number of dwelling units. The full definition can be found at 24 CFR 55.2(b)(12).

No

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

Project is located in a Zone X. FBA shows no increase in risk. Report attached. This project does not occur in the FFRMS floodplain. The project is in compliance with Executive Orders 11988 and 13690.

Supporting documentation

(Flood Zone Map) FIRMETTE_The Refuge.pdf FFRMS-Freeboard-Value-Approach-Report.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

✓ No

Historic Preservation

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Regulations under	Section 106 of the	36 CFR 800 "Protection of Historic
Section 106 of the	National Historic	Properties"
National Historic	Preservation Act	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/CF
Preservation Act	(16 U.S.C. 470f)	R-2012-title36-vol3/pdf/CFR-2012-title36-
(NHPA) require a		vol3-part800.pdf
consultative process		
to identify historic		
properties, assess		
project impacts on		
them, and avoid,		
minimize, or mitigate		
adverse effects		

This section contains sensitive information relating to this project. For that reason, documentation is withheld from the public environmental review record.

Noise Abatement and Control

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD's noise regulations protect	Noise Control Act of 1972	Title 24 CFR 51
residential properties from		Subpart B
excessive noise exposure. HUD	General Services Administration	
encourages mitigation as	Federal Management Circular	
appropriate.	75-2: "Compatible Land Uses at	
	Federal Airfields"	

1. What activities does your project involve? Check all that apply:



NOTE: HUD assistance to new construction projects is generally prohibited if they are located in an Unacceptable zone, and HUD discourages assistance for new construction projects in Normally Unacceptable zones. See 24 CFR 51.101(a)(3) for further details.

Rehabilitation of an existing residential property

A research demonstration project which does not result in new construction or reconstruction An interstate land sales registration

Any timely emergency assistance under disaster assistance provision or appropriations which are provided to save lives, protect property, protect public health and safety, remove debris and wreckage, or assistance that has the effect of restoring facilities substantially as they

existed prior to the disaster None of the above

4. Complete the Preliminary Screening to identify potential noise generators in the vicinity (1000' from a major road, 3000' from a railroad, or 15 miles from an airport).

Indicate the findings of the Preliminary Screening below:

There are no noise generators found within the threshold distances above.

Noise generators were found within the threshold distances.

5. Complete the Preliminary Screening to identify potential noise generators in the

Acceptable: (65 decibels or less; the ceiling may be shifted to 70 decibels in circumstances described in §24 CFR 51.105(a))

Normally Unacceptable: (Above 65 decibels but not exceeding 75 decibels; the floor may be shifted to 70 decibels in circumstances described in §24 CFR

51.105(a))

Is your project in a largely undeveloped area?

No

Document and upload noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis below.

Yes

Unacceptable: (Above 75 decibels)

HUD strongly encourages conversion of noise-exposed sites to land uses compatible with high noise levels.

Check here to affirm that you have considered converting this property to a non-residential use compatible with high noise levels.

Document and upload noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis below.

6. HUD strongly encourages mitigation be used to eliminate adverse noise impacts. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation. This information will be automatically included in the Mitigation summary for the environmental review.



Mitigation as follows will be implemented:

The Refuge has received a traffic noise mitigation analysis from Spectrum Engineers, which outlines the necessary steps to reduce noise to within HUD's acceptable levels. The combined attenuation for all wall components was calculated using the STraCAT calculator. The EA reviewer has forwarded this report to HUD representatives, who have agreed that the building envelope can be sufficiently attenuated to manage the noise. Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload drawings, specifications, and other materials as needed to describe the project's noise mitigation measures below.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload drawings, specifications, and other materials as needed to describe the project's noise mitigation measures below.

No mitigation is necessary.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

A Noise Assessment was conducted. The noise level was normally unacceptable: 69.0 db. See noise analysis. The Refuge will adhere to the mitigation plan outlines in the analysis provided below. The project is in compliance with HUD's Noise regulation with mitigation.

Supporting documentation

The Refuge Exteriour Acoustic Mitigation.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	
✓	Yes
	No

Sole Source Aquifers

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974	Safe Drinking Water	40 CFR Part 149
protects drinking water systems	Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.	
which are the sole or principal	201, 300f et seq., and	
drinking water source for an area	21 U.S.C. 349)	
and which, if contaminated, would		
create a significant hazard to public		
health.		

1. Does the project consist solely of acquisition, leasing, or rehabilitation of an existing building(s)?

Yes

1

No

2. Is the project located on a sole source aquifer (SSA)?

A sole source aquifer is defined as an aquifer that supplies at least 50 percent of the drinking water consumed in the area overlying the aquifer. This includes streamflow source areas, which are upstream areas of losing streams that flow into the recharge area.



Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload documentation used to make your determination, such as a map of your project (or jurisdiction, if appropriate) in relation to the nearest SSA and its source area, below.

Yes

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project is not located on a sole source aquifer area. The project is in compliance with Sole Source Aquifer requirements.

Supporting documentation

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

No

Wetlands Protection

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11990 discourages direct or	Executive Order	24 CFR 55.20 can be
indirect support of new construction impacting	11990	used for general
wetlands wherever there is a practicable		guidance regarding
alternative. The Fish and Wildlife Service's		the 8 Step Process.
National Wetlands Inventory can be used as a		
primary screening tool, but observed or known		
wetlands not indicated on NWI maps must also		
be processed Off-site impacts that result in		
draining, impounding, or destroying wetlands		
must also be processed.		

Does this project involve new construction as defined in Executive Order 11990, expansion of a building's footprint, or ground disturbance? The term "new construction" shall include draining, dredging, channelizing, filling, diking, impounding, and related activities and any structures or facilities begun or authorized after the effective date of the Order

No Ye s

2. Will the new construction or other ground disturbance impact an on- or off-site wetland? The term "wetlands" means those areas that are inundated by surface or ground water with a frequency sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances does or would support, a prevalence of vegetative or aquatic life that requires saturated or seasonally saturated soil conditions for growth and reproduction. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas such as sloughs, potholes, wet meadows, river overflows, mud flats, and natural ponds.

"Wetlands under E.O. 11990 include isolated and non-jurisdictional wetlands."

No, a wetland will not be impacted in terms of E.O. 11990's definition of new construction.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload a map or any other relevant documentation below which explains your determination

Yes, there is a wetland that be impacted in

terms of E.O. 11990's definition of new construction.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project will not impact on- or off-site wetlands. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990.

Supporting documentation

The Refuge Wetlands.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

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No

Wild and Scenic Rivers Act

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act	The Wild and Scenic Rivers	36 CFR Part 297
provides federal protection for	Act (16 U.S.C. 1271-1287),	
certain free-flowing, wild, scenic	particularly section 7(b) and	
and recreational rivers	(c) (16 U.S.C. 1278(b) and (c))	
designated as components or		
potential components of the		
National Wild and Scenic Rivers		
System (NWSRS) from the effects		
of construction or development.		

1. Is your project within proximity of a NWSRS river?

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Screen Summary

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Compliance Determination

This project is not within proximity of a NWSRS river. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act. There are no wild or scenic rivers located in Utah County, therefore the project will not impact any. Utah has approximately 81,899 miles of river, of which 232.3 miles are designated as wild and scenic, representing less than 0.2% of the state's total river miles. The Green River and Virgin River are designated as wild and scenic, but neither flows through Utah County. This project is not within proximity of a NWSRS river. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.

Supporting documentation

Utah Rivers.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

No

Environmental Justice

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Determine if the project	Executive Order 12898	
creates adverse environmental		
impacts upon a low-income or		
minority community. If it		
does, engage the community		
in meaningful participation		
about mitigating the impacts		
or move the project.		

HUD strongly encourages starting the Environmental Justice analysis only after all other laws and authorities, including Environmental Assessment factors if necessary, have been completed.

1. Were any adverse environmental impacts identified in any other compliance review portion of this project's total environmental review?

Yes No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

No adverse environmental impacts were identified in the project's total environmental review. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898. On February 5, 2025, the EPA removed from its website the environmental justice mapping and screen tool, EJScreen, as well as several related web pages. These pages cannot be accessed therefore a report was not available. The project has been evaluated, and no activities funded by this project will result in discrimination or isolation of minority or low-income individuals based on its location or purpose. Additionally, this project will not cause any adverse health or environmental effects that disproportionately impact minority or low-income populations adverse environmental impacts were identified in the project's total environmental review. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898.

Supporting documentation

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes No